(घ) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के ड्राप-आऊट पदों को अनारक्षित करने की बजाय उन्हें अगले वर्ष की रिक्तियों में जोड़ने का विचार रखती है?

कार्मिक लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मत्रांलय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एस.आर. बालासुब्रहमण्यन): (क) और (ख) वर्तमान अनुदेशों के अनुसार अन्य पिछड़े वर्ग की रिक्तियों को अनारक्षित नहीं किया जाएगा बल्कि इन्हें अगले तीन भर्ती वर्षों तक या जब तक ये पद अन्य पिछड़े वर्ग के उम्मीदवारों द्वारा भर नहीं लिए जाते, इनमें जो भी पहले हो, तक अग्रणीत किया जाता है। केन्द्रीय सचिवालय में सहायक ग्रेड को तैंतीस संवर्गों में विकेन्द्रीकृत किया गया है तथा सवंर्ग प्राधिकारियों द्वारा इस ग्रेड में नियुक्ति संगर्व-वार की जाती है। सरकार की उपर्युक्त आरक्षण नीति के कार्यान्वयन संबंधी भिन्न-भिन्न भर्ती वर्षों की सूचना केन्द्रीकृत रूप से नहीं रखी जाती है।

(ग) जी, हां।

(घ) अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के लिए भरी न गई आरक्षित रिक्तियों को अगले वर्ष तक अग्रेणीत किए जाने संबंधी अनुदेश पहले से ही विद्यमान हैं।

Government Accommodation to Officers Posted in North Eastern Region

2979. SHRI TARA CHARAN MAJUMDAR: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether rules permit retention of Government accommodation by the Central Government officers on their transfer to North Eastern region;

(b) whether such rules also provide benefit of double H.R.A. to such officers;

(c) whether the same rules permit priority allotment of Government Accommodation to Central Government officers transferred to Delhi after serving in North Eastern region;

(d) whether the rules provide for priority allotment of Government accommodation to a Central Government officer belonging to North-east region upon his transfer to Delhi; and

(e) if so, the details there of and if not, reasons the therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS & EMPLOYMENT & MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) Yes, Sir. Retention/alternate accommodation is provided to the Central Government Officers on their transfer to North-East region, restricted to the category next below their entitlement subject to the maximum of D-I type of accommodation, on payment of one and a half times of the normal licence fee during the period of permissible retention.

(b) to (d) No, Sir.

(e) As per the provisions of the Allotment of Government Residences (General Pool in Delhi) Rules, 1963, a residence falling vacant is allotted to an applicant desiring a change of accommodation in that type and if not required for that purpose, to an applicant without accommodation in that type having the earliest priority date for that type of residences.

Capacity of Dabhol Power Project

2980. SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE:
SHRI NILOTPAL BASU:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item which appeared in the Financial Express dated the 2nd October, 1996 to the effect that ENRON's 1995 annual report has stated the Dabhol Power Project Capacity as 2450 MW as against the officially stated figure of 2184 MW;

(b) whether the aforesaid report also places the size of 1st phase at 826 MW and of the IInd phase at 1624 MW; and

(c) whether the above facts have been verified and the reasons for the changes have also been established/vetted by the CEA; and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-

CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPLACHARI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) the Central Electricity Authority has clarified that in the original Dabhol Power Project, the exportable capacity was 2015 MW while in the renegotiated project, the exportable capacity is 2184 MW (Phase-I: 740 MW & Phase-II: 1444 MW) corresponding to 2450 MW (Phase-I: 826 MW & Phase-II 1624 MW) ISO.

Subsidy to Oil Refineries

2981. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether all the refineries in the country are running in profits for the last three years;

(b) whether any subsidy is given to these refineries to increase their profit; and

(c) if so, the subsidy given during the last three years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM & NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BALLU): (a) to (c) The pricing of petroleum products is based on the retention concept whereunder the oil refineries, oil marketing companies and the pipelines are compensated operating costs and return at 12% post tax on net worth. Under the retention concept, a fixed level of profitability for oil companies is ensured subject to their achieving laid down capacity.

Per Capita Consumption of Petrol/Diesel

2982. SHRI GOPALSINH G. SOLANKI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the annual per capita consumption of petrol/diesel in each State and in the country as a whole, as on October 31, 1996;

(b) the reasons for less supply of petrol to Gujarat in comparison to its requirments;

(c) the annual demand of petrol in each district of Gujarat during the last three years, Year-wise and district-wise; and

(d) the details of measures taken or to be taken by Government to bring the State at per with the national level?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BALLU): (a) and (b) Petrol and Diesel are not allocated products and supplies to the State are made as per the full requirment. Further, the requirements are related to vehicular traffic and not to population. The State-wise sales of petrol and diesel during April-October, 1996 are given in Statement-I (*See* below).

(c) The annual sales of petrol in the State of Gujarat for the last three years, year-wise, districtwise are given in Statement-II (*See* below).

(d) Does not arise in view of (a) & (b) above.

Statement-I

Petrol (MS) and Diesel (HSD) sales to the States/UTs during April-October, 1996

(FIG. In MT)

STATE/UT	SALES DURING M.S.	APRIL-OCT., 1996 H.S.D.
ANDAMAN & NICOBAR	1472	3078
ANDHRA PRADESH	196189	1764775
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	8890	8839
ASSAM	31550	153542
BIHAR	93675	381972
CHANDIGARH	26591	27853
DADAR N. HAVELI	2427	31352
DELHI	277393	707836
DIU/DAMAN	2231	7735
GOA	20219	103802
GUJARAT	242693	1443804
HARYANA	90325	869073
HIMACHAL PRADESH	17830	123412
JAMMU & KASHMIR	33009	117737
KARNATAKA	198221	1111585
KERALA	132188	731803
LAKSHADWEEP	—	2584
MADHYA PRADESH	133680	1127450
MAHARASHTRA	438132	2210917
MANIPUR	5459	12376
MEGHALYA	10877	12019
MIZORAM	3878	4770
NAGALAND	5944	8613
ORISSA	44496	136129
PONDICHERY	7722	61177
PUNJAB	192347	1134463
RAJASTHAN	112202	1259888
SIKKAM	2685	8573
TAMIL NADU	214000	1729703
TRIPURA	3361	16977